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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/695,597	10/28/2003	Frank Himmelsbach	1/1410	5362
28518 7590 07/19/2007 MICHAEL P. MORRIS			EXAMINER	
BOEHRINGER INGELHEIM CORPORATION			BERCH, MARK L	
900 RIDGEBURY RD P. O. BOX 368 RIDGEFIELD, CT 06877-0368			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1624	
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			07/19/2007	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)	
Office Action Summary		10/695,597	HIMMELSBACH ET AL.	
		Examiner	Art Unit	
		/Mark L. Berch/	1624	·
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication app or Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address	
THE - External after - If the - If NC - Failu	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. nsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period were to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing and patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	86(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONET	ely filed will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. 35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status				
· · · · · ·	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>21 July</u> This action is FINAL . 2b) This Since this application is in condition for allower closed in accordance with the practice under E	action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro		
Di141			0.0.270.	
· _	on of Claims			
5)⊠ 6)⊠ 7)□	Claim(s) <u>1-9</u> is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw Claim(s) <u>1-7</u> is/are allowed. Claim(s) <u>8 and 9</u> is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or			
Applicati	on Papers			
10)	The specification is objected to by the Examiner The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acce Applicant may not request that any objection to the o Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correcti The oath or declaration is objected to by the Example.	epted or b) objected to by the Edrawing(s) be held in abeyance. See on is required if the drawing(s) is obj	37 CFR 1.85(a). ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).	
Priority u	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12)⊠ a)[Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priorical application from the International Bureausee the attached detailed Office action for a list of	have been received. have been received in Application ity documents have been receive (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No d in this National Stage	
Attachman			·	
Attachment 1) Notic	t(s) e of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)	٠
2)	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date	Paper No(s)/Mail Da		

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claim 8 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the written description requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention. Osteoarthritis is nowhere mentioned in the specification. This term is thus clearly new matter.

Claim 8-9 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, because the specification, while being enabling for obesity and Type II diabetes, does not reasonably provide enablement for type I diabetes, or osteoarthritis. The specification does not enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to use the invention commensurate in scope with these claims.

Pursuant to *In re Wands*, 858 F.2d 731, 737, 8 USPQ2d 1400, 1404 (Fed. Cir. 1988), one considers the following factors to determine whether undue experimentation is

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required: (A) The breadth of the claims; (B) The nature of the invention; (C) The state of the prior art; (D) The level of one of ordinary skill; (E) The level of predictability in the art; (F) The amount of direction provided by the inventor; (G) The existence of working examples; and (H) The quantity of experimentation needed to make or use the invention based on the content of the disclosure. Some experimentation is not fatal; the issue is whether the amount of experimentation is "undue"; see *In re Vaeck*, 20 USPQ2d 1438, 1444.

The analysis is as follows:

- (1) Breadth of claims. Because of the broad scope of the 4 primary variables, billions of compounds are covered. Primary osteoarthritis is a chronic degenerative disorder whose ultimate origins are unknown, but in which reduced proteoglycan content in the cartilasge plays a fundamental role. Secondary osteoarthritis arises from a variety of causes, including hormonal disorders, Congenital hip luxation, hip dysplasia, Perthes' disease, Lyme disease, gout, sports injuries, pregnancy and many other factors.
- (2) The nature of the invention and predictability in the art: The invention is directed toward medicine and is therefore physiological in nature. It is well established that "the scope of enablement varies inversely with the degree of unpredictability of the factors involved," and physiological activity is generally considered to be an unpredictable factor. See *In re Fisher*, 427 F.2d 833, 839, 166 USPQ 18, 24 (CCPA 1970).
- (3) Direction or Guidance: That provided is very limited. The dosage range information on page 54 is a 400 fold range, and does not take into account the weight of subject (normally, dosages are given in mg/kg). Moreover, this is generic, the same for the many disorders

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covered by the specification. Thus, there is no specific direction or guidance regarding a regimen or dosage effective specifically for any disorder listed in claim 8 or 9.

- (4) State of the Prior Art: These compounds are xanthines with a particular substitution pattern at the 7- and 8-positions. So far as the examiner is aware, no xanthines of any kind have been used for the treatment of type I diabetes, or osteoarthritis.
- (5) Working Examples: There are none for the treatment of any disease. There is a test showing that these compounds are inhibitors of DPP-IV, but this is not a standard test for type I diabetes, or osteoarthritis.
- (6) Skill of those in the art: Type I Diabetes treatment, what little there is, tends to be via immune suppressants, since this is an auto-immune disorder. Type I Diabetes, whose cause is largely unknown, cannot be prevented. Osteoarthritis cannot generally be directly prevented by pharmacological means. The disease process itself is generally considered to be irreversible. Medicines given are merely for relief of symptoms, such as NSAIDs for reducing pain. There is some evidence that glucosamine may delay progression of the disease. No DPP-IV medicinals have been established as effective for osteoarthritis itself.

 (7) The quantity of experimentation needed: Owing especially to factors 1, 4, 5 and 6, the amount of experimentation is expected to be high.

MPEP 2164.01(a) states, "A conclusion of lack of enablement means that, based on the evidence regarding each of the above factors, the specification, at the time the application was filed, would not have taught one skilled in the art how to make and/or use the full scope of the claimed invention without undue experimentation. *In re Wright*, 999 F.2d 1557,1562, 27 USPQ2d 1510, 1513 (Fed. Cir. 1993)." That conclusion is clearly justified here.

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. See MPEP § 706.07(a).

Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to /Mark L. Berch/ whose telephone number is 571-272-0663.

The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 7:15 - 3:45.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, James O. Wilson can be reached on (571)272-0661. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (571) 273-8300 for regular communications and (571) 273-8300 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-308-0198.

/Mark L. Berch/ Primary Examiner Art Unit 1624